

Kakisa - Statistical Profile

	Kakisa	Northwest Territories		Kakisa	Northwest Territories
POPULATION			<i>Number of Births</i>		
<i>Population (2017)</i>			2005	1	712
Total	x	44,520	2006	-	687
Males	x	22,837	2007	1	725
Females	x	21,683	2008	-	721
0 - 4 Years	x	3,041	2009	1	711
5 - 9 Years	x	3,604	2010	3	700
10 - 14 Years	x	2,961	2011	1	690
15 - 24 Years	x	6,001	2012	-	681
25 - 44 Years	x	14,188	2013	-	663
45 - 59 Years	x	9,283	2014	-	665
60 Yrs. & Older	x	5,442	<i>Teen Births</i>		
Aboriginal	x	22,278	2005	-	68
Non-Aboriginal	x	22,242	2006	-	73
<i>Population Dependency Ratio (2017)</i>			2007	-	65
< 15 Yrs.	x	0.33	2008	-	56
60 Yrs. & Older	x	0.18	2009	-	61
<i>Historical Population</i>			2010	1	65
2006	x	43,178	2011	-	56
2007	x	43,374	2012	-	48
2008	x	43,350	2013	-	42
2009	x	43,149	2014	-	54
2010	x	43,278	<i>Number of Deaths</i>		
2011	x	43,501	2006	-	182
2012	x	43,594	2007	-	174
2013	x	43,773	2008	-	201
2014	x	43,867	2009	1	186
2015	x	44,214	2010	-	183
2016	x	44,617	2011	-	186
2017	x	44,520	2012	-	200
<i>Avg. Annual % Growth (07-17)</i>			2013	-	199
Total Population	x	0.3	2014	-	213
< 15 Yrs.	x	-0.2	2015	-	208
60 Yrs. & Older	x	4.8	<i>External causes (including suicides)</i>		
HEALTH & VITAL STATS			2006	-	36
<i>% of Population that Currently Smoke</i>			2007	-	34
2009	25.6	35.2	2008	-	29
			2009	-	28
			2010	-	22
			2011	-	20
			2012	-	30
			2013	-	28
			2014	-	38
			2015	-	30
			<i>Suicides</i>		
			2006	-	5
			2007	-	9
			2008	-	10
			2009	-	7
			2010	-	6
			2011	-	6
			2012	-	8
			2013	-	8
			2014	-	12
			2015	-	9

Northwest
Kakisa Territories

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HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES

% of Households with 6 or More People

1986	..	11.5
1991	..	9.8
1996	..	8.6
2001	..	7.2
2004	7.1	7.0
2006	50.0	6.2
2009	11.1	6.7
2011	33.3	5.6
2014	-	6.1

Family Structure (2016)

Total Family Structure	x	11,110
Husband-Wife	x	5,510
Common-law	x	3,185
Lone Parent	x	2,410
% Lone-Parent Families	x	21.7

Tenure (2016)

Total	..	14,980
Owned	..	8,045
Rented	..	6,920
% Owned	..	53.7

% of Households in Core Need

1996	25.0	19.7
2000	13.3	20.3
2004	35.7	16.3
2009	5.6	19.0
2014	30.0	19.8

INCOME ASSISTANCE

Beneficiaries (monthly average)

2008	1	2,067
2009	-	2,402
2010	-	2,314
2011	-	2,313
2012	-	2,239
2013	1	2,306
2014	-	2,312
2015	-	2,486
2016	-	2,607
2017	-	2,950

Cases (monthly average)

2008	-	1,172
2009	-	1,415
2010	-	1,429
2011	-	1,468
2012	-	1,453
2013	-	1,489
2014	-	1,518
2015	-	1,648
2016	-	1,748
2017	-	1,925

Payments (\$000)

2008	4	12,051
2009	1	14,574
2010	-	15,118
2011	-	15,805
2012	2	16,015
2013	2	16,713
2014	-	17,551
2015	-	19,834
2016	-	21,007
2017	-	24,151

TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2013)

Hunted & Fished (%)	57.5	44.7
Trapped (%)	27.6	6.1
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	25.9	23.3
Households Consuming Country Food (Half or More) (%)	86.7	26.3

ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES

% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language

1984	72.0	59.1
1989	85.7	55.6
1994	85.3	50.1
1999	67.9	45.1
2004	86.1	44.0
2009	78.6	38.0
2014	80.6	38.5

EDUCATION

% with High School Diploma or More

1986	..	51.6
1989	24.1	59.8
1991	..	59.9
1994	23.5	63.2
1996	..	63.5
1999	14.3	66.1
2001	-	64.8
2004	30.6	67.5
2006	25.0	67.0
2009	41.9	69.3
2011	42.9	68.9
2014	33.2	73.6
2016	..	72.6

Employment Rates (2014)

Less than High School Diploma	29.8	37.7
High School Diploma or Greater	87.8	76.0

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LABOUR FORCE					
<i>Participation Rate</i>			<i>Labour Force Activity (2016)</i>		
1986	..	74.5	Population 15 & Over	.. 32,335	
1989	24.1	74.9	Employed	.. 21,410	
1991	..	78.2	Unemployed	.. 2,530	
1994	47.1	77.2	Not in the Labour Force	.. 8,380	
1996	..	77.2	<i>Potential Available Labour Supply (2014)</i>		
1999	42.9	78.3	Available Labour Supply	2 5,219	
2001	42.9	77.1	% Do Rotational	100.0 64.8	
2004	61.1	75.6	% Male	100.0 58.1	
2006	50.0	76.5	% Aboriginal	100.0 77.8	
2009	55.8	75.1	% Less than High School Diploma	- 49.4	
2011	57.1	75.4	<i>Employment Profile (2016)</i>		
2014	53.1	73.4	% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	.. 44.2	
2016	..	74.1	% Goods Producing	.. 15.7	
<i>Unemployment Rate</i>			% Other Industries	.. 40.1	
1986	..	11.2	<i>Annual Work Pattern (2016)</i>		
1989	-	13.2	% Worked	.. 77.1	
1991	..	11.3	% Full Year, Full Time	.. 55.3	
1994	31.3	14.8	PRICES		
1996	..	11.7	2013 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	137.5 ..	
1999	25.0	13.7	2015 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	
2001	-	9.5	ENVIRONMENT		
2004	9.1	10.4	<i>Average Monthly Temperature: 2006-2015 (°C)</i>		
2006	-	10.4	January	
2009	25.0	10.3	February	
2011	-	11.4	March	
2014	7.6	10.6	April	
2016	..	10.6	May	
<i>Employment Rate</i>			June	
1986	..	66.2	July	
1989	24.1	65.0	August	
1991	..	69.3	September	
1994	32.4	65.7	October	
1996	..	68.2	November	
1999	32.1	67.5	December	
2001	42.9	69.8	COMMUNITY LIVING		
2004	55.6	67.8	% Who Volunteered in 2013	53.6 47.5	
2006	50.0	68.6	% of Homes with Internet Access in 2013	46.7 79.1	
2009	41.9	67.3	SYMBOLS		
2011	42.9	66.8	- zero or too small to be expressed		
2014	49.1	65.6	.. not available		
2016	..	66.2	x data suppressed		
<i>Selected Employment Rates (2016)</i>					
Males	..	67.2			
Females	..	65.2			
Aboriginal	-	51.2			
Non-Aboriginal	-	80.2			
15-24	..	43.8			
25-34	..	73.2			
35-44	..	82.1			
45-54	..	81.1			
55-64	..	69.5			
65 & Over	..	26.9			

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[13]{\frac{Pop_{2017}}{Pop_{2006}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004 & 2009). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Income Assistance

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT, Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Crafts (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'in.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006, 2011 & 2016); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2014 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006, 2011 & 2016); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2016 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2016, while full year, full time refers to the percent of workers who worked who worked 49 to 52 weeks mostly full time (30 hours or more a week)

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.