

Tuktoyaktuk - Statistical Profile

	Northwest Tuktoyaktuk Territories		Northwest Tuktoyaktuk Territories	
POPULATION			<i>Number of Births</i>	
<i>Population (2017)</i>			2005	19 712
Total	1,026	44,520	2006	11 687
Males	549	22,837	2007	20 725
Females	477	21,683	2008	13 721
0 - 4 Years	118	3,041	2009	27 711
5 - 9 Years	84	3,604	2010	22 700
10 - 14 Years	73	2,961	2011	15 690
15 - 24 Years	158	6,001	2012	19 681
25 - 44 Years	284	14,188	2013	19 663
45 - 59 Years	170	9,283	2014	20 665
60 Yrs. & Older	139	5,442	<i>Teen Births</i>	
Aboriginal	901	22,278	2005	5 68
Non-Aboriginal	125	22,242	2006	4 73
<i>Population Dependency Ratio (2017)</i>			2007	2 65
< 15 Yrs.	0.45	0.33	2008	1 56
60 Yrs. & Older	0.23	0.18	2009	4 61
<i>Historical Population</i>			2010	4 65
2006	906	43,178	2011	2 56
2007	898	43,374	2012	1 48
2008	910	43,350	2013	- 42
2009	876	43,149	2014	3 54
2010	876	43,278	<i>Number of Deaths</i>	
2011	877	43,501	2006	1 182
2012	893	43,594	2007	6 174
2013	894	43,773	2008	3 201
2014	923	43,867	2009	9 186
2015	975	44,214	2010	4 183
2016	1,000	44,617	2011	7 186
2017	1,026	44,520	2012	5 200
<i>Avg. Annual % Growth (07-17)</i>			2013	3 199
Total Population	1.3	0.3	2014	7 213
< 15 Yrs.	1.4	-0.2	2015	6 208
60 Yrs. & Older	7.3	4.8	<i>External causes (including suicides)</i>	
HEALTH & VITAL STATS			2006	1 36
<i>% of Population that Currently Smoke</i>			2007	1 34
2009	65.2	35.2	2008	2 29
			2009	3 28
			2010	1 22
			2011	1 20
			2012	1 30
			2013	1 28
			2014	3 38
			2015	1 30
			<i>Suicides</i>	
			2006	1 5
			2007	- 9
			2008	- 10
			2009	- 7
			2010	- 6
			2011	1 6
			2012	1 8
			2013	- 8
			2014	1 12
			2015	1 9

	Tuktoyaktuk	Northwest Territories
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HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES		
<i>% of Households with 6 or More People</i>		
1986	29.3	11.5
1991	16.3	9.8
1996	19.6	8.6
2001	16.4	7.2
2004	16.1	7.0
2006	12.7	6.2
2009	13.1	6.7
2011	15.1	5.6
2014	11.9	6.1

<i>Family Structure (2016)</i>		
Total Family Structure	225	11,110
Husband-Wife	60	5,510
Common-law	95	3,185
Lone Parent	70	2,410
% Lone-Parent Families	31.1	21.7

<i>Tenure (2016)</i>		
Total	270	14,980
Owned	90	8,045
Rented	175	6,920
% Owned	33.3	53.7

<i>% of Households in Core Need</i>		
1996	43.3	19.7
2000	32.2	20.3
2004	31.9	16.3
2009	42.8	19.0
2014	33.6	19.8

CRIME		
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<i>Violent Crimes</i>		
2007	224	4,025
2008	212	3,839
2009	176	3,740
2010	97	3,717
2011	109	3,730
2012	100	3,467
2013	119	3,263
2014	132	3,041
2015	131	3,400
2016	144	3,485

<i>Property Crimes</i>		
2007	414	8,807
2008	320	8,881
2009	320	8,639
2010	231	9,814
2011	215	10,134
2012	301	10,406
2013	304	10,556
2014	290	10,132
2015	328	10,337
2016	302	9,188

<i>Other Criminal Code</i>		
2007	241	5,942
2008	176	6,377
2009	161	5,949
2010	120	6,895
2011	118	7,185
2012	131	6,943
2013	100	6,162
2014	63	6,046
2015	100	5,892
2016	96	5,376

<i>Federal Statutes</i>		
2007	16	665
2008	24	815
2009	18	832
2010	7	1,017
2011	12	949
2012	8	772
2013	8	714
2014	10	585
2015	5	607
2016	8	503

<i>Traffic</i>		
2007	23	813
2008	51	1,051
2009	29	813
2010	20	882
2011	13	753
2012	11	779
2013	11	557
2014	11	672
2015	18	657
2016	30	773

<i>Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)</i>		
2007	249.4	92.8
2008	233.0	88.6
2009	200.9	86.7
2010	110.7	85.9
2011	124.3	85.7
2012	112.0	79.5
2013	135.1	74.5
2014	144.4	69.3
2015	138.2	76.8
2016	144.6	78.4

<i>Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)</i>		
2007	461.0	203.0
2008	351.6	204.9
2009	365.3	200.2
2010	263.7	226.8
2011	245.2	233.0
2012	337.1	238.7
2013	345.1	241.1
2014	317.3	230.9
2015	346.0	233.6
2016	303.2	206.6

Tuktoyaktuk Northwest
Territories

Tuktoyaktuk Northwest
Territories

INCOME ASSISTANCE

Beneficiaries (monthly average)

2008	120	2,067
2009	175	2,402
2010	187	2,314
2011	197	2,313
2012	202	2,239
2013	199	2,306
2014	187	2,312
2015	194	2,486
2016	207	2,607
2017	244	2,950

Cases (monthly average)

2008	66	1,172
2009	102	1,415
2010	113	1,429
2011	120	1,468
2012	122	1,453
2013	120	1,489
2014	114	1,518
2015	116	1,648
2016	117	1,748
2017	134	1,925

Payments (\$000)

2008	734	12,051
2009	1,060	14,574
2010	1,177	15,118
2011	1,255	15,805
2012	1,304	16,015
2013	1,343	16,713
2014	1,354	17,551
2015	1,427	19,834
2016	1,486	21,007
2017	1,747	24,151

TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2013)

Hunted & Fished (%)	66.0	44.7
Trapped (%)	8.4	6.1
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	28.0	23.3
Households Consuming Country Food (Half or More) (%)	61.1	26.3

ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES

% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language

1984	35.8	59.1
1989	37.7	55.6
1994	30.1	50.1
1999	25.3	45.1
2004	28.3	44.0
2009	22.3	38.0
2014	24.5	38.5

EDUCATION

% with High School Diploma or More

1986	31.6	51.6
1989	35.8	59.8
1991	34.7	59.9
1994	32.3	63.2
1996	36.9	63.5
1999	35.0	66.1
2001	37.0	64.8
2004	36.6	67.5
2006	34.4	67.0
2009	46.1	69.3
2011	36.9	68.9
2014	43.4	73.6
2016	39.8	72.6

Employment Rates (2014)

Less than High School Diploma	24.5	37.7
High School Diploma or Greater	65.6	76.0

LABOUR FORCE

Participation Rate

1986	63.2	74.5
1989	58.6	74.9
1991	65.8	78.2
1994	65.0	77.2
1996	54.9	77.2
1999	64.3	78.3
2001	61.1	77.1
2004	62.1	75.6
2006	57.6	76.5
2009	59.9	75.1
2011	50.8	75.4
2014	62.4	73.4
2016	56.2	74.1

Unemployment Rate

1986	28.4	11.2
1989	34.6	13.2
1991	34.2	11.3
1994	45.6	14.8
1996	26.9	11.7
1999	35.2	13.7
2001	27.3	9.5
2004	27.2	10.4
2006	33.3	10.4
2009	26.0	10.3
2011	27.4	11.4
2014	32.3	10.6
2016	26.4	10.6

	Tuktoyaktuk	Northwest Territories		Tuktoyaktuk	Northwest Territories
<i>Employment Rate</i>			PERSONAL INCOME		
1986	44.4	66.2	<i>Total Income (\$000)</i>		
1989	38.4	65.0	2006	15,029	1,384,602
1991	43.3	69.3	2007	18,355	1,469,865
1994	35.4	65.7	2008	17,390	1,542,755
1996	40.2	68.2	2009	18,370	1,557,610
1999	41.7	67.5	2010	19,485	1,599,920
2001	45.2	69.8	2011	17,785	1,672,485
2004	45.2	67.8	2012	17,805	1,692,765
2006	39.2	68.6	2013	18,605	1,754,545
2009	44.4	67.3	2014	22,510	1,820,200
2011	37.7	66.8	2015	20,675	1,913,610
2014	42.2	65.6	<i>% Change in Total Inc. (2006-2015)</i>		
2016	43.0	66.2		37.6	38.2
<i>Selected Employment Rates (2016)</i>			<i>Average Personal Income (\$)</i>		
Males	43.3	67.2	2006	28,902	48,396
Females	41.0	65.2	2007	35,298	51,072
Aboriginal	39.3	51.2	2008	32,204	52,943
Non-Aboriginal	72.7	80.2	2009	32,228	52,998
15-24	20.0	43.8	2010	33,595	53,978
25-34	34.5	73.2	2011	31,202	56,030
35-44	61.9	82.1	2012	30,698	56,861
45-54	60.9	81.1	2013	32,078	58,329
55-64	47.4	69.5	2014	37,517	59,640
65 & Over	18.2	26.9	2015	35,042	61,909
<i>Labour Force Activity (2016)</i>			<i>Employment Income (\$000)</i>		
Population 15 & Over	640	32,335	2006	11,231	1,208,376
Employed	270	21,410	2007	13,520	1,294,015
Unemployed	100	2,530	2008	13,195	1,356,780
Not in the Labour Force	280	8,380	2009	13,840	1,356,890
2010			2010	14,710	1,388,490
2011			2011	12,695	1,433,035
2012			2012	12,545	1,455,120
2013			2013	13,420	1,513,240
2014			2014	15,290	1,565,205
2015			2015	14,180	1,621,020
<i>Potential Available Labour Supply (2014)</i>			<i>% Change in Emp. Inc. (2006-2015)</i>		
Available Labour Supply	245	5,219		26.3	34.1
% Do Rotational	71.5	64.8	<i>Average Employment Income (\$)</i>		
% Male	59.6	58.1	2006	28,078	47,856
% Aboriginal	97.6	77.8	2007	31,442	50,627
% Less than High School Diploma	72.1	49.4	2008	30,686	52,650
2009			2009	32,186	52,983
2010			2010	35,024	53,630
2011			2011	32,551	55,673
2012			2012	31,363	56,930
2013			2013	31,952	58,744
2014			2014	34,750	60,154
2015			2015	32,227	61,612
<i>Employment Profile (2016)</i>					
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	40.0	44.2			
% Goods Producing	20.0	15.7			
% Other Industries	40.0	40.1			
<i>Annual Work Pattern (2016)</i>					
% Worked	64.1	77.1			
% Full Year, Full Time	35.4	55.3			

	Tuktoyaktuk	Northwest Territories
<i>Percent Taxfilers Less than \$15,000</i>		
2006	46.2	24.9
2007	40.4	23.3
2008	38.9	43.7
2009	42.1	23.9
2010	41.4	23.3
2011	43.9	23.1
2012	43.1	23.1
2013	36.2	22.3
2014	36.7	22.3
2015	33.9	21.5

<i>Percent Taxfilers More than \$50,000</i>		
2006	17.3	39.9
2007	21.2	42.7
2008	22.2	43.7
2009	21.1	43.6
2010	20.7	44.2
2011	17.5	44.9
2012	19.0	45.6
2013	19.0	46.1
2014	21.7	46.8
2015	18.6	47.6

FAMILY INCOME

<i>Average Family Income</i>		
2006	56,724	101,622
2007	68,575	107,252
2008	66,659	111,796
2009	67,543	112,119
2010	72,913	113,934
2011	69,636	119,089
2012	67,500	120,898
2013	68,500	124,103
2014	78,022	127,334
2015	74,818	133,754

<i>Percent Families Less than \$30,000</i>		
2006	38.1	18.0
2007	30.0	16.6
2008	31.8	17.0
2009	30.4	16.7
2010	30.4	16.4
2011	27.3	16.0
2012	31.8	15.7
2013	27.3	15.2
2014	30.4	14.9
2015	22.7	14.0

	Tuktoyaktuk	Northwest Territories
<i>Percent Families More than \$75,000</i>		
2007	15.0	59.5
2008	31.8	60.8
2009	30.4	60.7
2010	30.4	61.9
2011	27.3	62.5
2012	27.3	63.1
2013	31.8	63.3
2014	34.8	64.5
2015	36.4	65.9

PRICES

2013 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	162.5	..
2015 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	162.0	..

ENVIRONMENT

<i>Average Monthly Temperature: 2006-2015 (°C)</i>		
January	-26.0	..
February	-26.1	..
March	-25.4	..
April	-14.4	..
May	-2.0	..
June	7.1	..
July	12.0	..
August	9.8	..
September	4.1	..
October	-5.2	..
November	-16.3	..
December	-23.6	..

COMMUNITY LIVING

% Who Volunteered in 2013	50.0	47.5
% of Homes with Internet Access in 2013	52.4	79.1

SYMBOLS

- zero or too small to be expressed
- .. not available
- x data suppressed

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[13]{\frac{Pop_{2017}}{Pop_{2004}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2000, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004, 2009 & 2014). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Crime

Incidents in a particular detachment may include incidents from surrounding communities.

Violent Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Refers to incidences of homicides, attempted murder, assaults (including sexual assaults), abduction and robbery.

Property Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of breaking & entering, theft, position of stolen goods and fraud.

Other Criminal Code: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of offensive weapons, bail violation, disturbing the peace and mischief (property damage).

Federal Statutes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of possession and trafficking of drugs.

Traffic: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of dangerous operation of motor vehicle and impaired operation of motor vehicle.

Violent Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Property Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Income Assistance

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Craft (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most

or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'n.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006, 2011 & 2016); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2014 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006, 2011 & 2016); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2016 refers to the percent of people 15

years of age or older who worked in 2016, while full year, full time refers to the percent of workers who worked who worked 49 to 52 weeks mostly full time (30 hours or more a week)

Personal Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns.

Total Income (\$000): Refers to total money income received from all sources.

Average Personal Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources.

Employment Income (\$000): Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Average Employment Income (\$): Refers to average income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Percent Tax-filers Less Than \$15,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making less than \$15,000.

Percent Tax-filers More Than \$50,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making more than \$50,000.

Family Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns. Refers to the total income of a family; it is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

Average Family Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources for the family as a whole.

Percent Families Less Than \$30,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making less than \$30,000.

Percent Families More Than \$75,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making more than \$75,000.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.